SUPPLEMENT TO THE SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1781.] TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1769.

New Advertisements.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By Order of his Honour the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons who have any Demands on the Public, to deliver in to me, Accompts of the same duly attested upon Oath, on or before the first Day of January 1770, in order to their being laid before the General Assembly.

JACOB MOTTE, Public Treasurer.

JOHN M'CALL, junior,

INTENDS to carry on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, and will esteem himself much obliged to those, who shall please to favour him with the Sale of their Crops. Letters, or Orders, directed for him, at his House in Elliott-Street; nearly opposite to Crouch's Printing-Office, will be punctually attended to.

JOHN BRAILSFORD,
AND
ROBERT MUNCREEF,

HAVING entered into Co-partnership, under the Firm of BRAILSFORD and MUNCREEF, beg Leave to inform their Friends, that they have just imported in the Heart-of-Oak, Capt. Gunn, from LONDON,

A Compleat Assortment of GOODS,

Suitable to the SEASON;

Which they will dispose of very reasonably, at their Store on the Bay, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN.---Those who will please to favour them with their Orders, may rely on their being punctually complied with.

Amongst a Variety of other Articles, are the following,

A Large Assortment of Broad Cloths, with suitable Trimmings, Dussil Blankets, plain and striped Lute-strings, white flowered Ditto, black Mantua, Paduoy, figured Sattin, Half-ell Sarsnet, Flanders Bed Tick, and Bed Bunts, dyed Jean, figured and corded Dimity, Cotton Counterpanes, Thread Lace sorted; Loaf-sugar, Bohea, Hyson, and green Tea, Raisins, Currants, Spices of all Sorts, Taffeties, plain and flowered Lawns, Cambricks, 6-4 Huckaback, Diaper tabling and napkining, Damask, Book Muslin, Jackonet Ditto, Cravat Ditto, printed Cottons and Callicoes, Chints, Pistol and Long Lawns, Russia Linen, brown Holland, Dowlas, Russia Diaper, Raven's Duck, dyed Russia Drab, bleached Ditto, Womens Callimanco and Everlasting Pumps and Shoes, Sattin Ditto, green and black Masks, Glass Lanthorns, Poland Starch, scented and plain Hair-Powder, Fig and Powder Blue, Olives, Capers, Anchovies and Walnuts, cut and dry Tobacco, London made Guns, and Pistols, proved Barrels, Cutlasses, Morocco sword Belts, and Shot Pouches, Mens Castor and Beaver Hats, Womens fashionable Hats, Bonnets and Cardinals, Womens, Maids and Girls Stays, Boys black Sattin Caps, with Ostrich Feathers, for Ditto, Shoe Thread and Spinnel, winding Horns, Bottle Stands, with Brass Handles, Ivory Handle Knives and Forkes, Flaskets; a variety of China Plates, and Dishes, two or three Sets of compleat Tea China, and China Cups and Saucers, Family Medicines, Morocco Pocket-books, Backgammon Tables, Needles, Fish-Hooks, Ell and yard-wide Umbreilas, Copper Tea Kettles and Coffee Pots; Threads of all Sorts, Tapes and Bobbing, Mens wove and pleated Stocks, Hat Crape, Bombazine; Men and Womens Gloves, Mahogany Tea Chests, Dressing Glasses, Mahogany Sconces, with gilt-Edges, Weston's Snuff, sewing Silk, Damasks, Camblets, Serge-de-Nisme, Claret coloured Manchester Velvet, Scarlet, Crimson and black Hair Shag, London Porter, &c. &c.

WILLIAM STUKES,

Hath just imported, in the HEART-OF-OAK, *Captain* GUNN, *from* LONDON:

A large Assortment of Millinary GOODS,

VIZ.

FLOWERED black Sattin, plain Ditto, blue and white flowered Ditto, crimson, blue, and white flowered Sarsenets, flowered Modes, and plain Ditto, pink, blue, and white Persians; a Variety of flowered Gauzes, Ditto dress Gauze, bordered Aprons and Handkerchers; glossy Cyprus, fine and coarse Catgut; great Choice of new-fashion Ribbons, and Blond Laces, Cheveaux-de-Frise, black Lace, and Trimmings for Cloaks; all Sorts of Skeleton and Scane Wire, black Silk net Gloves and Mitts, white, and Buff open-worked Ditto, superfine bleached Chip Hats, stiffened Ditto for covering, very cheap black Sattin Hats and Cloaks, complete Suits of Gauze trimmed with Blond Lace, the present Fashion; white and coloured Fans, white French Gloves, white Silk Stockings, superfine Cotton Ditto, scented and plain Hair Powder, Hose, best Callimanco Shoes and Pumps, Mens white Silk Hose, coloured Ditto, very fine white flowered ribbed Ditto, Cotton Ditto, Thread Ditto, white and coloured superfine black and Buff-coloured Breeches Patterns, Mens newest fashion Beaveret Hats, and many other Articles, to be sold cheap, at his Store in King-Street, near Mr. JOHN WAGNER's.

All Sorts of MILLINARY made in the genteelest Manner, by Mrs. STUKES.

N. B. He has to dispose of, for Cash, a Quantity of Water and Butter BREAD, as cheap as imported. 82-88.

STOLEN from Mr. BENJAMIN HUGER's Plantation, near Ashley-River, called GREEN GROVES, two MARES, one a bay and the other a chesnut, both branded on the mounting Shoulder JI joined. A PISTOLE will be given for each, if delivered to Mr. JOHN IZARD, at Dorchester; Mr. BENJAMIN HUGER, at Goose-Creek; or to Mr. EDWARD LIGHTWOOD, in Charles-Town.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE, *August* 19.

To the KING.*

SIRE,

THOUGH the sacred Majesty of Kings, ought not in common cases to be approached by every little busy-body, or frivolous remonstrance-maker; yet, when our Prince's palace is on fire, and his person in the midst of the flames, the meanest of his subjects hath the privilege then to give him warning of his danger, and to assist to quench the fire. This I am afraid, Sire, is at present too near our case, or I would not have assumed the boldness to disturb your repose, or have placed myself so disadvantageously before your Majesty, as I must expect to appear under the character of a public censor of the manners of your ministers, and a petty state-reformer. But it is not I alone, that am thus concerned and busy for the public; that the whole nation are at this time mournfully reflecting on the miserable state we are fallen into, from that happy and glorious prospect of things, which we had in the beginning of your Majesty's reign. This hath put all men upon enquiry into the causes of the unhappy change of our affairs; and I find it agreed on all hands, that the principal occasion of our misfortunes (or rather mismanagements) is from the intrusting those with the government of all, who are the irreconcileable enemies to the constitution of the kingdom.

And yet there are some about your Majesty, who (for base and private ends) endeavour to possess you with the destructive politics of courting, and trusting the notorious enemies of your family, and would persuade you, that the Jacobites and Tories, are the only party truly principled for monarchy; and that on the contrary, your Majesty's best friends, whom they call Whigs, though they seated your family on the throne, are haters of monarchy, and are of commonwealth principles; and at best, for making their Kings no more than Dukes of Venice, and Kings of Clouts. Now this is a notion so false, so fatal to the prosperity of your affairs, and so dangerous to the very being of your government, that I cannot but think it highly necessary, that this matter should be fairly stated and laid before your Majesty. I am sensible how unfit I am for the task, and how open I lie to the charge of presumption in attempting it. But as the son of Cyrus, who was from his birth dumb, broke silence, when he saw his father in the hands of his murderers, so have I resolved to break through all impediments, and to endeavour to rescue my King out of the hands of those arbitrary principled men, who have never failed to ruin all those Kings in this country, who have been guided by them; and will, as undoubtedly, bring you and your affairs into as great difficulties, if you be not delivered from their counsels.

And now, Sire, if I may presume so far, will your Majesty be pleased to examine, what honour, what profit, hath accrued to you, or the nation, by your following implicitly the instructions of those who have all along directed your cabinet? For God's sake! Sire, cast up the account of your whole reign, and see what you have gained by exchanging *Whigs* for *Tories*, and your *People* for a *Favourite*. Have not your affairs gone backward, both at home and abroad? Have not mismanagements been multiplied? Have they not cooled the affection of your subjects, and lessened the respect and consideration due to you from foreign states? Do not your ministers obstruct all business which ought to be dispatched, and dispatch all business which ought to be obstructed? Do they not betray your subjects, by delaying and deserting them in their most just claims and pretensions, whilst they comply with your enemies in their most unreasonable demands? Do they not connive at every crime, and countenance every oppression of the people; snatching from the hands of justice, those whom the law hath condemned to death for treason and for murder? Would not such ministers and friends as these, be less dangerous to you when professed enemies, nay in arms against you in the field, than in your council, cabinet, and offices? Undoubtedly they would.

But I know the common answer to all these kind of complaints is, that it is more easy to find faults than remedies. If you please, therefore, Sire, we will consider of remedies, and I think there may be some found out both easy and certain; and they are these:

First, Sire, be pleased to remove from your person, council, confidence, and offices of trust, men bred up and confirmed in principles destructive to our English government, and hateful to your people; and to discountenance all state-projectors and mountebank-ministers, who make wounds in the state, and pretend disorders, to recommend their own quack medicines, and to *prescribe* as they term it, *effectually*.

Throw out, Sire, these Achans to be stoned by the people, who will otherwise, I fear, prevent God's favour to you; who blast your success abroad, and rob you of the affections of your subjects at home, with their accursed thing, I mean that tinsel---*power*---with which these miscreants dazzle the eyes of Princes, and lead them out of the right way. God is displeased with it: For uncontroulable and unaccountable power, is the right of God alone: And (as the scripture tells us) *He will not give his glory to another, nor suffer those to act as Gods, who are to die like men.* Your people also are despotic power; for the Kings of England are bound by laws, by mutual compacts, &c. and if these are broken, Englishmen, who believe themselves subjects to the crown of England (as by law established) and not slaves to any particular person who may chance to wear it; Englishmen in such a case, become impatient, angry, and at length perhaps not to be appeased, but with the punishment of their oppressors. And whenever they see their Kings beset with ministers of lawless principles (those wholesale merchants of arbitrary power) they grow mistrustful and uneasy, and are apt in such cases, to shut their purses and open their mouths. And give me leave to say, Sire, that had not the people been made apprehensive nd jealous by seeing those men in favour, whose mischievous methods they were so well acquainted with, and did so much abhor, had they not seen them without shame, and without controul, pouring the wealth of the nation into their own pockets; so far from murmuring, the people would have been well pleased, if instead of half a million, your ministers had demanded two; provided they had consulted therein, your honour more than their own gain; and had thereby enabled you to discharge not only your own debts completely, but your father's too, which indeed by every law of honour, honesty, and justice, are your own, and ought to have taken place of the augmentation of the chief-justiceship in Eyre, and all the other numerous corrupt sinecures and pensions.

An English King is the greatest monarch on earth, when he reigns in the hearts of his subjects; and all other methods to power and greatness have hitherto been found, and I trust still will be found, ineffectual in England. I remember I once saw written over a mercer's shop, "*Keep thy shop, and thy shop will keep thee*;" and though it be a homely allusion, it is very applicable to the present point---"*Keep your laws, Sire, and your laws will keep you.*" Support your people in their rights and liberties, and Queen Elizabeth shall; on her royal word for them; they will support your just prerogative at home, and your honour abroad. And, Sire, by the way, do not let your flatterers give you a cheap opinion of power derived from the people, for it is undoubtedly from their consent alone, that all power must come; and though the free voice of the majority of the people, may not at present be *thought* sufficient to appoint their own representative, there was a time once, when it was *found* to be sufficient to appoint a King. Nor let this make you uneasy, that your title to the crown, is alone from the same free choice of the majority of the people: Revere the sacred choice, and suffer not your ministers, by corruption, to weaken your own claim in the person of another; for believe me, neither any Princess, or *Stuart*, nor your ministers, nor all the polluted lawyers who have spoken, or written, or doted on this subject, will ever be able to find you out a better.

In the next place, discharge all Jacobites and mercenary trimmers from offices of trust and from confidence, remembering always the answer of our warlike and wise prince King Henry the Fourth, who, upon a complaint from his people against some of his ministers, replied, "I know no evil by these men; but if they are thought by my people unfit for my service, I shall not think fit to continue them in it."

But Sire, *purgatives* alone will not perfect the cure of your government, and restore it to perfect health; you must make use of *alteratives* too; there must be a *change of measures* as well as a discharge of men: And the method I would humbly offer, is in general this,---that you would be pleased to follow this general rule, always to be aware of such ministers, and to avoid such schemes and counsels, as are similar to those employed and adopted throughout the reign of *every one of the Stuarts*; and then you can scarcely err; for whatever is opposite to their principles and practices, is the direct road to your security and success. But to be more particular,---First, make the interest of England your chief design and aim; and since you are born and bred amongst us, and it is to be supposed, glory in the name of Englishman, become entirely an English King. England is a nation jealous of rivals in her Prince's favour, and thinks herself deserving of his care and his caresses. If the people of England think you have a favourable opinion of them, they will deserve it; if not, they must perhaps at last be driven to deserve your worst opinion too. This humour of the nation, Queen Elizabeth found early, and applied herself so happily to it, as by this single point to master all her difficulties (the greatest it may be, that ever Prince had to struggle with) whereas her successors, the *Stuarts*, by contrary measures, brought themselves into very unfortunate circumstances.

In the next place, Sire, let me desire you to avoid concerning yourself in elections of members of parliament, of influencing them when chosen. The parliament is a sacred part of the English constitution, and, like the Israelites ark of old, is not to be touched prophanely, but with great danger to those who touch it so; and therefore, Sire, it will be your true interest to leave the people free to their choice, and the members undisturbed in their seats, and free to their opinions when chosen. The practice of corrupting elections, and the placing and pensioning of members of parliament, will always disgust the nation; and they have reason to resent it; for this is indeed to make a pump of the parliament, and by pouring in a pint of water to fetch out a tun. Besides, if, for the sake of a vote, a member of parliament shall be placed in an office of trust he is not fit for, this is destroying the government two ways at once; for, to speak in the old phrase, it is making a parliament of Clouts, and officers of the Clouts at the same stroke. It is true, this is not a new invention, and the bulk of the people, who are never roused against evil measures till they feel their consequences, confine themselves to murmurs only as long as the moderation of the minister supplies the place of the constitution. But whenever a minister (as rash and ignorant as wicked) shall exert that absolute power which his predecessors, though possessed of, cautiously concealed; when he shall totally annihilate our antient government, by altering the very *form* of election, and by openly sporting with the fundamental rights of the subject, he will by such a proceeding awake the people from their dream of liberty, and open their eyes to their desperate situation; he will most justly provoke them to enquire at last into their *long-lost* right of *equal* and *true* representation. The event alone will prove whether the state was ripe for such destruction, or whether the minister pulled off the mask too soon; and accordingly the struggle will either be succeeded by a new dawn of freedom, or a long night of slavery close upon us.

Thus, Sire, I have set before your Majesty what in my poor judgment is for your interest to pursue, and what is for your service to avoid; what will make your Majesty and the nation happy, and what will make both unhappy. And I heartily pray the great, good, and wise God, to direct, bless, and prosper your Majesty, in all your designs for the good of these kingdoms, and the happiness of your people. If I have used too great a freedom, or have offended in what I designed for your service, I am sorry for it. I call God to witness my plainness proceeds from my zeal and affection to your interests, and the prosperity of your affairs, and not from any factious, saucy or unmannerly principle. I wish some abler pen had taken upon him this part, but I must own it has provoked me to see my country and my King so forsaken; the one of advocates and the other *honest Counsel*; and this has urged me to take upon me these two characters of advocate and adviser, for both which I confess myself very unfit: Not but that, as I said in the beginning, I take it to be the privilege, aye, and the duty too, of every English subject (provided it be performed with a decent and due respect) to lay before the King such matters as may be dangerous to his person or government to be concealed from his knowledge; for we are not tied up in England to Spanish forms, where the King must be wet to the skin if he whose proper office it is, be not in the way to put on his cloak: And I beg your Majesty to believe that what I have

* *Printed November* 1692. *Our correspondent acknowledges that his copy is not very correct.*

said is from a faithfulneſs and ſincerity which will in all accidents and difficulties preſerve me, unalterably,

Your Majeſty's moſt loyal,
Moſt dutiful, and moſt obedient
SUBJECT.

LONDON, AUGUST 5.

LETTERS received from Portugal, mention, that Mr. Wilkes's antagoniſt, Capt. Forbes, who has a regiment in that ſervice, was lately married at Liſbon, to an agreeable young lady of a noble family there, and conſiderable fortune, neice of the prime miniſter.

AUGUST 10.

Never was there known a ſcene of greater calamity in any one family, at any one time, than what is now diſcloſed in that of the Duke of Beaufort. His Grace is confined to his bed by a violent and moſt painful ſprain in his leg; his ſiſter, Lady Harriot Wynn, whom he loved moſt affectionately and tenderly, is juſt buried; one of his ſons is juſt dead; his conſort the Ducheſs is alſo confined to her bed, with one of her legs broken in two different places; and news is juſt this moment brought from Jamaica, that her Grace's brother, the Honourable Mr. Boſcawen, has had the misfortune to be drowned in that iſland.

AUGUST 15.

It is remarkable, that Lord Halifax, by his plea of not guilty, on the 17th of June laſt, juſtified the illegality of *general warrants*, and that his defence is undertaken by the law officers of the crown, and paid for out of the treaſury.

Laſt week the original letter of Lord Weymouth, to Daniel Ponton, Eſq; which laid the foundation of the maſſacre in St. George's fields, on the fatal 10th of May, 1768, was delivered up to his Lordſhip, at his own earneſt requeſt.

AUGUST 16.

An evening paper of laſt night ſays, that the *reverſion* of the auditor of the Impreſt's office, is granted to the Thane's ſon: That the poundage on paſſing an account of forty-two millions, at ſix-pence in the pound, is no leſs a ſum than one million and fifty thouſand pounds; that the Thane's ſon is not yet in poſſeſſion; and the auditor who actually paſſes the account, is intitled to ſuch poundage.

Before the ſtamp-act, every colony in America was divided into court and country parties; but now, union, induſtry, and œconomy, are univerſal all over that large continent. Internal manufactures flouriſh; and as theſe improve, a contempt of European delicacies becomes the riſing mode. The planter ſtruts in his homeſpun, and caſts an indignant look on that meanneſs of ſoul, which hopes a ſuperior diſtinction, by the conſumption of the manufactures of a country that exulted in enſlaving America. Such are the bleſſed effects of our new taxing laws; and ſuch is the ſpirit they have infuſed into that large continent.

Late on Sunday night, a ſelect cabinet council was held at the commodious apartments of Miſs V------, a maid of great honour, but of much greater confidence. The cabinet counſellors were, a certain elderly lady, Lord M------, and the Earl of B---. The reſult of this ſecret meeting was, that Sir J--- L--d-[illegible], who is nephew to the Earl of B---, ſhould go out to Aſia, with full powers reſpecting the naval department, and that Mr. V-[illegible]t ſhould have full powers reſpecting the commercial and civil intereſt of the company in India.

AUGUST 17.

It is reported at the weſt end of the town, that the following great perſons are to compoſe a new miniſtry: Firſt Lord of the Treaſury, Duke of Bedford. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Jer. Dyſon, Eſq; Lord Chancellor, Lord Mansfield. Secretaries of State, the Earls of Sandwich and Gower. Preſident of the Council, the Duke of Grafton. Lord Privy Seal, the Duke of Marlborough. Lord Chief Juſtice, Sir Fletcher Norton.

It is talked, that Lord George Sackville will ſoon be appointed Paymaſter of the forces.

They write from Worceſter, that both the city and county are almoſt unanimous in forwarding a petition of grievances, though miniſterial influence has been greatly exerted to prevent it.

A correſpondent deſires to know, that as the miniſtry have ſeized on grants; cauſed America almoſt to prohibit trading with us; entirely overthrown the freedom of elections; and are now ſtriking a moſt powerful blow at the Eaſt-India company; what will be their next object?

AUGUST 19.

The ſhort ſtay that the Emperor made at Venice, which was ſcarcely 24 hours, and at which place it was expected his Imperial Majeſty would have ſojourned at leaſt a whole week, has alarmed all the cabinets in Europe.

Letters from Vienna, dated Auguſt 2, ſay, "The interview between the Emperor and the King of Pruſſia, gains more credit every day. The letters from Sileſia and Berlin particularly mention, that the Emperor will ſpend a few days at the camp, which is to be formed near Colin, in Bohemia, conſiſting of 8 regiments of infantry, under the command of General Laudohn; and go from thence to Neiſs, to meet the King of Pruſſia. It is aſſured, that his Imperial Majeſty has deſired to ſee the exerciſe of the Pruſſian cavalry, and requeſted of the King of Pruſſia to bring with him General Seidlitz, whom he particularly wiſhes to converſe with."

We are told by letters from Berlin, that it is preſumed, the intended interview between the Emperor of Germany and the King of Pruſſia, has principally for object, the concerting efficacious meaſures for putting an end to the troubles of Poland; wherein both thoſe Monarchs are eſſentially intereſted, from the vicinity of part of their reſpective dominions

They write from Paris, that the epidemical ſickneſs among the French ſoldiers at Corſica encreaſes daily, and carries off vaſt numbers, which has occaſioned the court to ſend for moſt of the regiments employed in the conqueſt of that iſland, back to France.

It appears from the ſpirit ſhewn by many members of P------t in promoting petitions, that they are ſtill attentive to their country's welfare, and at the ſame time ſurely indicates the debility of the preſent m------y.

AUGUST 21.

A letter from Leghorn mentions, that it is thought the malecontents of Corſica only wait for the re-embarkation of the French troops, on their return home, to break out into open hoſtilities.

It is publicly rumoured, that a noble Duke, now in Northamptonſhire, ſtrongly enforced at a late meeting, held in town, the expediency of Col. Luttrell's accepting a place to vacate his ſeat in parliament, and Mr. Wilkes, at the expiration of his confinement, to be admitted to take his ſeat for Middleſex, it being the only means to appeaſe the minds of the people, and to cauſe the preſent mode of petitioning entirely to ſubſide. He recommended other ſalutary meaſures, very likely to reſtore peace and good order in the people, and unanimity among the great.

We hear Admiral Edgecombe will be appointed to ſucceed Admiral Pye, in the command of the windward iſland ſquadron, in the Weſt-Indies.

Conſultations we hear have been had by the miniſtry with a certain Lord, concerning his power as high bailiff of Weſtminſter, of ſhutting the doors of the hall: and upon what occaſions it has been w[illegible]lly done.

On Friday Sir Edward Hawke had a long conference with his Majeſty, after the breaking up of the levee at St. James's.

Extract of a letter from the Devizes, Auguſt 17.

"Yeſterday was held here a numerous meeting of the Freeholders of the county of Wilts. About twelve o'clock, William Talk, Eſq; ſheriff for the county, took the chair, and acquainted the gentlemen, that the preſent meeting was in conſequence of an advertiſement publiſhed at the unanimous requeſt of the grand jury at Saliſbury, and if any gentlemen preſent, had any thing to offer, they were at liberty ſo to do.---In conſequence of which Mr. Talbot informed the gentlemen, that he had drawn up the heads of a petition, and if they would give him leave, he would read the ſame for their approbation, which he did, the purport of which was, "That they concurred in the grievances ſet forth in other petitions, already preſented to the throne, and in which they hoped to be redreſſed, particularly in the two following, viz. *The right of elections, in impoſing a member on the county of Middleſex, not duly elected; and the pardoning a convict for murder at a late election, after being legally found guilty by a jury of the county.*"---The petition was agreed to, and ordered to be ingroſſed, and the ſame is to be ſent to the ſeveral market-towns in the county, to be ſigned by the freeholders not preſent at this meeting; and when ſigned, it will be preſented by the high ſheriff, and members for the county.---The ſpeakers on this occaſion were, Mr. Popham, Mr. Beckford, Mr. Talbot, Mr. Temple, Mr. Penruddick, Mr. Huſſey, Mr. Awdry, and the Hon. Mr. Fox."

AUGUST 22.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that notwithſtanding the French take every method in their power to reconcile the Corſicans to their government, continual attempts are made in the night, by the natives, to murder ſuch of the officers and ſoldiers as fall into their hands.

Letters from Corſica import, that a canon of Evagno, of the pieve of Vico, attacked lately, with two hundred men, two French piquets, and killed 59 men; that the government, notwithſtanding this inſult, have offered him his pardon, with the ſole deſign of maintaining tranquility in the iſle, provided that he will ſubmit and be obedient, but this eccleſiaſtic has refuſed ſo to do.

The ſudden recal of Lord Harcourt from the court of Verſailles, and Sir James Gray from that of Madrid, have occaſioned a rumour of an approaching war, and in which thoſe two courts may find themſelves greatly diſcomfited, ſeeing we have a hundred Captains of the royal navy capable to command any fleet his Majeſty may think proper to equip. And though we do not abound in good Generals, yet it is univerſally allowed, that Sir Jeffery Amherſt and Sir William Draper are either of them ſuper-eminently qualified to command any army the King may have occaſion for, either in Europe or America.

Yeſterday the Earl of Bute arrived in town, from his ſeat at Luton Hoo in Bedfordſhire.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the aſperſions thrown on the Americans by ſome perſons, who charge them with being ripe for rebellion, cannot have the leaſt foundation in truth; for that even at Boſton, where the troops are quartered, no inſult has ever been offered them by the inhabitants of that province. He adds, that were the colonies inclined to revolt, all the government's forces in America would be nothing in their hands; but he hopes they will never be put to the trial.

AUGUST 24.

This day the following gentlemen waited on his Majeſty at St. James's, with the petition from the freeholders of the county of Surry: The Hon. Peter King, Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. Sir Joſeph Mawbey, Bart. Joſeph Martin, Eſq; Anthony Chapman, Eſq; Joſeph Clarke, Eſq; Sir Anthony Abdy, Bart. met the above gentlemen, previous to their going to court, at the Thatched-Houſe tavern; but being greatly indiſpoſed with the gout, could not attend them to the Palace.

On the King's reurn from the drawing-room, Sir Francis Vincent, Bart. the worthy repreſentative of the county, preſented the petition to his Majeſty, which was moſt graciouſly received, and is as follows.

To the KING's moſt excellent Majeſty,
The humble petition of the freeholders of the county of Surry.

Moſt gracious Sovereign!

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the freeholders of the county of Surry, from a grateful ſenſe of the ineſtimable bleſſings which this nation has enjoyed under the mild and equal government of your Majeſty, and your illuſtrious predeceſſors of the houſe of Brunſwick, and from a ſteady attachment, zeal, and affection to your royal perſon, and family, think it our duty to join with our injured fellow-ſubjects, in humbly offering to your Majeſty our complaints of the meaſures adopted by pernicious counſellors, who, we apprehend, have countenanced and adviſed a violation of the firſt principle of the conſtitution.

The right of election in the people, which is the ſecurity of all their rights, is alſo the foundation of your Majeſty's; we cannot therefore forbear being alarmed, when we ſee that firſt principle violated in the late inſtance of the Middleſex election.

We have ſeen, royal Sire, with great concern, an application of the freeholders of the county of Middleſex, made by their humble petition to the houſe of commons, complaining of that meaſure, defeated; and it is with the utmoſt reluctance we now find ourſelves conſtrained to appeal to your ſacred perſon, from whoſe juſtice and goodneſs we can alone hope for redreſs.

We therefore moſt humbly implore your Majeſty, that you would be graciouſly pleaſed to give us ſuch relief as to your royal wiſdom ſhall ſeem meet, by an exertion of that prerogative which the conſtitution has ſo properly placed in your Majeſty's hands. And your Majeſty's petitioners ſhall ever pray, &c."

The petition was ſigned by 1494 freeholders, which number was deemed ſufficient, as ſeveral gentlemen, who were appointed to preſent it, were obliged, next week, to go into diſtant parts of the kingdom, and as they are certainly a great majority of the freeholders reſident in the county.

In ſeveral parts of the county the petition was never once offered, owing to the want of time for that purpoſe.

The general aſſembly of moſt of the great officers of ſtate, held yeſterday at St. James's, it is now ſaid, was to have a conference relative to the Surry petition, which was preſented this day to his Majeſty, at St. James's palace.

We hear that the petition from the county of Worceſter has been read, agreed to, ſigned, and ſent up to London, in order to be preſented to his Majeſty; and that it relates ſolely to the right of election of members to ſerve in parliament.

It is reported, that General Draper is to be appointed to the command of the Britiſh forces in North-America, in the room General Gage.

This morning ſeveral gentleman, agents for the American colonies, waited upon the Earls of Rochford and Weymouth, on the ſubject of recent inſtructions.

We hear from Coventry, that ſeveral pluſh weavers have lately been engaged there, to embark for New-England.

AUGUST 26.

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that ſince the enterpriſing King of Morocco has taken the Portugueſe fortreſs at Mazagan, he has repaired the baſtions of that place, has encreaſed his army to near 80,000 men, which obſerve the ſtricteſt diſcipline, in conſequence of the regulations introduced among his troops, ſeveral of whom are officers of conſiderable rank in his ſervice. The ſame letters add, that the above monarch daily employs ſeveral thouſand perſons in fitting for the ſea a numerous ſquadron of gallies, by which it is conjectured an undertaking is meditating by ſome French, Spaniſh, and Iriſh renegadoes, againſt ſome of the powers who have ſettlements in the Mediterranean.

Laſt night there was a numerous and reſpectable meeting of the electors at Weſtminſter, at the Globe-Tavern in the Strand, when the draft of a petition to his Majeſty was read, and unanimouſly approved of. The petition is confined to the caſe of Middleſex; and the prayer is ſaid to conſiſt of a requeſt, that his Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to diſſolve this parliament, and call another as ſoon as poſſible. One of the company took notice of a reſolution in the Commons Journals, vol. xiii. p. 767, anno 1701. 14 Will. III. which is in theſe words, "Reſolved, That it is the undoubted right of the people of England to *petition* or addreſs to the King, for the calling, ſitting, or *diſſolving* of parliaments, and for the redreſſing of grievances."

On Thurſday laſt Sir John Lindſay received his commiſſion of commander in chief of the ſquadron deſtined for India; and yeſterday he kiſſed his Majeſty's hand, on occaſion of the above promotion.---*There are no leſs than one hundred and ſixty-ſix captains of the royal navy, who are ſeniors in promotion to Sir John Lindſay, Knight, the fortunate nephew of the Earl of Bute.*

Notwithſtanding what a certain governor has declared in a public ſpeech, that though he is at preſent recalled, it has been intimated to him that he ſhall ſtill continue in his poſt, and ſoon reviſit America; yet is the opinion of every one, who has any knowledge in the affairs of government, that Sir Francis will never more ſee the American continent in the capacity which he now leaves it.

We are well aſſured, that ſo far from the propriety of enforcing new duties in America, that if the ſtamp-act had not been repealed as it was, in the laſt adminiſtration, a general bankruptcy muſt inevitably have enſued throughout all the colonies.

AUGUST 29.

This day at noon there was a very numerous and equally reſpectable meeting of the electors of the city of Weſtminſter, at Weſtminſter-hall, agreeable to a publiſhed notice for that purpoſe.

About twelve o'clock, Sir Robert Bernard, the chairman, attended by Robert Jones, Eſq; chairman of the committee, and ſeveral other gentlemen, entered the hall amidſt the re-echoed acclamations of the populace.

Sir Robert being ſeated in an arm chair for that purpoſe, Mr. Jones opened the buſineſs of the day to the following purport:

"*Gentlemen*,

"Senſible of the many grievances that the electors of the county and city of Weſtminſter labour under, in common with his Majeſty's ſubjects, a committee of gentlemen has been appointed (of which I had the honour to be chairman) to draw up a petition to his Majeſty, praying a redreſs of thoſe grievances; we have accordingly, gentlemen, drawn up a petition, which I flatter myſelf will be agreeable to you; and if it is your pleaſure, it is now prepared for reading to you."

The electors then unanimouſly cried out, "*read, read,*" and accordingly the petition was read, firſt by the chairman, and next by Mr. Martyn. The ſhouts of approbation given to it, can better be conceived than deſcribed, when we ſuppoſe there were no leſs than SEVEN THOUSAND voices who ſupported it.

The chairman then deſired all thoſe who were for the petition, to hold up their hands, when every hand in the hall was inſtantly up, and, on the queſtion being reverſed, "that all thoſe who were againſt it ſhould do the ſame," not one ſingle hand was raiſed.

The buſineſs of the meeting thus cordially concluded, Mr. Martin came forward, and aſked, "Whether it was the opinion of the electors that their thanks ſhould be returned to their worthy chairman, Sir Robert Bernard," which paſſed unanimouſly in favour of the propoſal. Mr. Almon then aſked the ſame queſtion in regard to Robert Jones, Eſq; chairman of the committee, which likewiſe paſſed in the affirmative.

The chairman's ſeat was firſt placed on the upper ſtep in the hall, that leads to the King's-bench, but ſome little time before the committee arrived, the electors carried it off, and removed it juſt before the entrance of the court of Common Pleas; declaring that the fitter ſituation, for the chair of liberty ſhould be near that court where GENERAL WARRANTS were firſt condemned.

It is ſaid that when the D--- of G------ was lately at Stowe, he made ſeveral overtures for an accommodation to a noble Earl, but as they were all confined to particular objects, without an eye to general grievances, they were rejected.

General Paoli's baggage, which has been for ſome time expected, arrived laſt week in the river; it came over in the ſhip that brought Lord Exeter from Leghorn.

On Friday night the Rev. Mr. Whitefield had a parting general ſacrament at the tabernacle near Moor-fields, where it is ſuppoſed there were near 2000 communicants. And yeſterday morning he took his leave at Tottenham court chapel, and will embark ſome time this week for Charles-Town, South-Carolina, in his way to Georgia.

AUGUST 31.

Yeſterday the Earl of Egmont attended the levee at St. James's and had a conference with his Majeſty, from whence it is conjectured that his Lordſhip, will ſoon be appointed to ſome poſt in the adminiſtration.

We have the pleaſure to aſſure the public, that there will moſt certainly be a petition from the large and opulent county of York; notwithſtanding all that has been ſaid and attempted to the contrary.

The Weſtminſter petition is greatly approved of by all who have read it: The ſtile of it is ſpirited and nervous; and as the axe is therein laid to the root of the tree, it is generally believed that it will be conſidered as a laudable example to other cities and boroughs, at this truly alarming period; and have a very proper effect at ----------.

The ſigning of the petition by the electors, goes on briſkly; and it is not doubted, but that in a week or ten days, it will be ſigned by a great majority of them, notwithſtanding all the influence of the court, and the miniſters, to prevent it.

We hear that the livery of London intend on Michaelmas day to petition his Majeſty for the diſſolution of the preſent parliament.

Five hundred guineas were laid yeſterday to four hundred that the parliament will be diſſolved before Chriſtmas.

On Monday the 4th of September will be held, by adjournment, at the White-Heart at Crawley, a meeting of the gentlemen of the Weſtern diviſion of the county of Suſſex, in order to frame a petition to the Throne, for redreſs of grievances, eſpecially that of the violated right of election: Dr. Dungate and Mr. Hutchinſon in their reſpective chairs.

It is now ſaid, that the example of the city of London, which was uſually followed by moſt of the counties and boroughs, with reſpect to addreſſes and petitions, has loſt its influence; that the Surry petition gives more ſatisfaction to the real friends of liberty than any that has hitherto been preſented, and that it will be the ſtandard generally followed all over the country of England.

The high ſheriff of the county of Somerſet has ſummoned the freeholders of that county, to meet at the Swan-Inn in Wells, on Wedneſday the 8th of October next, to conſider, in the preſent exigency of public affairs, of ſuch meaſures as may be conducive to the happineſs and welfare of this country.

Laſt Tueſday died in Wellbank-ſtreet, Cavendiſh-ſquare, aged 97, Edmund Hoyle, Eſq; well known in the polite world for writing the celebrated treatiſe on the games of whiſt, quadrille, piquet, cheſs, and back-gammon, which he lived to paſs through no leſs than thirteen editions!

SEPTEMBER 2.

The many petitions now forming in the ſeveral counties of the kingdom have ſo greatly alarmed the M------y, that their private conferences were never known to be ſo frequent.

We hear that the gentlemen applied to, to deliver the Weſtminſter petition to his Majeſty, very readily complied with the requeſt, and that it will be preſented next week.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

OBSERVING in the Supplement to your Gazette, of *October* 9, under the Article of *Savannah, in Georgia, September* 20, at a meeting of the Merchants, *Sept.* 16, among other grievances, the following paragraph, "*It was agreed* "*respecting this province in particular, that the mode of pa* "*of such duties, is a great and additional grievance. The ster-* "*ling current money of this province, which was, by an act of* "*assembly, assented to by his Majesty, and declared equal in* "*value to the sterling money of Great-Britain, and a lawful* "*tender in all payments, being refused in payment of such duties,* "*tends greatly to depreciate its value, &c. &c.*"---With due submission to the superior judgments of those gentlemen, give me leave to point out, what tends much more to depreciate its value. It is well known, that, for several years before there were any such duties imposed on America, the Merchants who had bills to dispose of, either in Great-Britain or Carolina, would not sell them, without the purchaser of such bills allowing them *eight* per cent. on their amount: Neither is there a Merchant, Trader, or Planter, in Georgia, that will take Georgia sterling current money, for any debts due to them in Carolina, without that *eight* per cent. discount, so that it is this, that has reduced the value of their money; neither can it be deemed equal to the sterling money of Great-Britain, until this discount is taken off, and their money made to pass the same, for bills, or Carolina money, as it does in other parts.

I am, Sir,

October 31st, 1769. Your humble Servant, B. A.

CHARLES-TOWN, NOVEMBER 9.

AT a Meeting of the GENERAL COMMITTEE on Tuesday last, and an Adjournment thereof to Yesterday, several Matters of Importance, respecting the general Agreement entered into by the Inhabitants of this Province on the 22d Day of July last, were taken into Consideration; and a Committee of Inspection appointed, whose particular Business it will be, to see such Goods stored or re-shipped, (at the Option of the Importers) as may be brought here contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Agreement. It was at the same Time agreed, that the General Committee do meet on Tuesday in every Week.

We have the Pleasure to inform our Readers, that Mr. Thomas Eveleigh, who arrived here last Sunday, has readily agreed, that the Goods which he imported in the Flora, Capt. Carter, from Bristol, shall be reshipped or stored: And that Mr. Andrew Marr, has done the same, in Regard to a Consignment of Goods, by the Brigantine Matty, arrived Yesterday from Glasgow.

The Subscribers to the Resolutions, are so conscious of the Justness of their Proceedings, that they appear determined to adhere to them; and have not only refused to purchase some Slaves lately arrived from Pensicola, but also rejected a Parcel of Rice, offered for Sale, belonging to a Gentleman on John's-Island, who is said to be a Non-Subscriber.

"The few interested Individuals in the Colonies of RHODE-"ISLAND and GEORGIA, who have hitherto misled those un-"happy Colonies, by skim'd-milk Reasonings, which has been "attempted even in our Province, we hear, have begun to lose "so much of their Influence, as to be under no small Appre-"hensions of being gibetted (in Fame) to rot and stink under the "Noses of their Countrymen, as a Mark of public Infamy and "Warning, to those who shall endeavour to counteract the "Designs of Society in Favour of Liberty.---If Oppression "(according to Solomon) maketh a wise Man mad, what a "Pity it is, that it cannot teach Fools Wisdom."

The Rev. Mr. Hezekiah Smith, we hear, has not been unsuccessful in drawing generous Contributions from many of the Inhabitants of this Town, towards the intended College at Warren in *Rhode-Island* Government! A Circumstance that shews how unwilling we are to entertain any Suspicion, that the *Generality* of the Inhabitants of that Colony can be so deficient, as it has been represented, in regard to the constitutional Liberties of America; and which also leads us to flatter ourselves, that an Establishment of that sort *here*, whenever the Proposal may be revived, will not fail to meet with that Attention and Encouragement, which its Importance deserves.

It is whispered, and credited by many, that our Intercourse in Trade with the Colonies of Rhode-Island and Georgia, will soon, in a great Measure discontinue, 'till they have Virtue enough to *cloath* themselves in the humble Dress of public Virtue, preferable to the Chains of Oppression, or dirty Allurements of Self-Interest, at the Expence of their Neighbours.

On Thursday the 26th past, Mr. William Miles, of Ashepoo, was married to Miss Mary Elliott, one of the Daughters of Mr. Thomas Elliott, of Wappoo.

Last Saturday Morning died, much regretted by the Gentlemen of the Turf, and all his Acquaintance, Mr. Thomas Nightingale, who has for several Years past kept the House and Course called NEW-MARKET.

The same Day, the following Vessels, viz. Scooners Hawke, Liberty, and Polly, and Sloop Wanchy, and on Wednesday the Scooner Margaret, with His Majesty's 21st Regiment on board, sailed for St. Augustine; and are to bring the 9th Regiment from thence, to embark here, in the Mary, Sally, and Harriot Transports (now ready for their Reception) for Cork.

The same Day sailed for Dominica, Owen Roberts, Esquire, Captain of the Charles-Town Company of Artillery, who paid him the Compliment of a Salute, with their Field-Pieces, at his Embarkation.

On Sunday Night died, Mr. David Stoddard, Merchant.

On Tuesday a Proclamation was issued, for a farther Prorogation of the General Assembly of this Province, to Tuesday the 28th, then to meet and sit for the Dispatch of Business.

The same Day died, Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, Wife of Robert Williams, jun. Esquire.---the humourous Mr. John Snelling---and Mr. James Duthie.

The same Day sailed, for her Station at Jamaica, His Majesty's Sloop Tryal, commanded by Capt. William Phillips.

"Died, November 9th, Mrs. Patience-Catharine Stevens, "Wife of Mr. Daniel Stevens, after a long and lingering Ill-"ness, which she bore with steady Patience, and Christian Re-"signation."

The Price of new RICE is 60*s.* per 100 lb...---Only one Vessel loaded therewith has yet been cleared, viz. the Sloop Jamaica-Packet, Francis Dickinson, Master, for Jamaica.

The List of known Officers of the Customs here, inserted in this Paper of the 2d Instant, we are told is defective, in the following Particulars, viz. *Mr. Bull is not Mr. Morris's Deputy*---for *Markham*, read *Walkman*---and add to the Waiters, *Mr. John Robinson.*

As the Letter, &c. signed B. D. *may give Offence, without answering any one good Purpose, the Printer of this Paper desires to be excused from publishing it, without giving further Reasons.*

New Advertisements.

A GENTLEMAN may be accommodated with LODGING and BREAKFAST, or BOARD, as may be most agreeable to him, in a private Family. Enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in BROAD-STREET.

THE Masters of Vessels who will favour me with their Stone or Shingle BALLAST, landed at my Wharf this Year, may have their Water-Casks filled with as good Water, as any in or within 30 Miles of Town, *gratis*; and be also *assisted* with some Hands to discharge their Ballast with all possible Dispatch.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

FIFTEEN HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, on Mortgage. Particulars may be known, by applying to the Printer hereof.

For PORTUGAL,

OR

Any Port in GREAT-BRITAIN,

And a MARKET,

The Snow GRANDSON,

JOHN LAMB, Master.

BURTHEN about Six Hundred Barrels. For Freight, apply to said Master, or INGLIS & HALL.

For PHILADELPHIA,

The Sloop POLLY,

JOHN ASHMEAD, Master.

(Hath good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in five Days at farthest)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board, lying at Colonel Beale's Wharf, or WILLIAM SYKES.

Imported in said Vessel, and to be sold by WILLIAM SYKES, at his Store, on Col. Beale's Wharf, West-India and Northward Rum; Loaf Sugar; Lewis's superfine Flour in Barrels, Half-Barrels, and Kegs; best double Beer in Barrels and Half Barrels; Ship-Bread, white Bisket, Cheese, hard Soap, Flour of Mustard, with sundry other Articles.

To be peremptorily SOLD,

On Tuesday *the 28th Instant*, November, *at* Fair-Lawns *in* St. John's *Parish, if a fair Day, if not, the next fair Day after,*

ABOUT Eighty Head of Geldings, breeding Mares and Colts; a good second-hand Chariot, and a Curricle; a young Mulatto Wench, that is a good Seamstress and House-Wench, with her Child; and a Mulatto Boy, that is a tolerable good Cook.

ALSO FOR SALE,

THREE Tracts of LAND, Part of Fair-Lawn Barony: Plats of which may be seen with the Subscribers; to whom, any Person inclinable to purchase either Land or Negroes, may apply to JAMES CORDES, jen.

JOHN DAWSON.

On FRIDAY *the 17th Instant, in the Forenoon, will be sold, by public Vendue,*

ALL the HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, and some other EFFECTS, belonging to the Estate of THOMAS NIGHTINGALE, deceased, at his House up the Path, by OATS & RUSSEL.

WANTED, the Middle of next Month,

A Single MAN, that understands the Management of Negroes on a Rice Plantation: Such a One, well recommended, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to BENJAMIN SIMONS.

THE Subscriber being obliged, on Account of his bad State of Health, to leave the Province early in the Spring, gives NOTICE, that he shall, in the mean Time, dispose of, at PRIVATE SALE, several very valuable NEGROES; amongst which are, Coopers, Sawyers, Boatmen, Field-Slaves, good Cooks, Washer-Women, House-Women, and Waiting-Boys. He will likewise sell, in the same Manner, all his Houshold-Furniture, Books, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Plantation-Articles, &c. as likewise, an Italian CHAIR, and a very neat light POST-CHARIOT. The Purchasers may have one or two Years Credit.

CHARLES MARTYN.

N. B. He purposes likewise, to Let or Lease out, to any Gentleman who may want a Summer's Retreat, his PLANTATION, on Ashley-River; upon which are several convenient Out-Houses, a good Dwelling-House, a large Orchard and Garden; and about 70 Acres of cleared LAND (free from Roots and Stumps) fit either for Pasturage, Planting, or making of Hay; and which are divided into convenient Inclosures, by strong and proper Fences.

THE Subscriber having advertised, the 20th of February last, warning all Persons not to credit any one on his Account, either by written Order, or verbal Message, except his Wife, himself, or Mr. William Williams, be personally present: To his very great Surprize, finds the said Advertisement has not had the desired Effect; but on the Contrary, several Debts have since that, been contracted on his Accompt, unknown to himself: And the Parties with whom they have been contracted, pleaded Ignorance of the said Advertisement, he thinks proper, once more, to give Notice (and that in all the Gazettes, that no Person may hereafter, have the least Pretence to such a Plea) that he still continues resolved, not to pay any Debt contracted on his Accompt, contrary to his former Advertisement. And he particularly cautions every One, not to credit his Son WILLIAM FREER, on any Person's Accompt whatever, unless the Party engaging for him, be personally present.

November 7th, 1769. SOLOMON FREER.

AS I am resolved to decline Business 'till the Affairs of SHAW & STUART are settled, I shall be very much obliged, to all those that are any Wise indebted to that Co-partnership, if they will enable me to close these Affairs, as soon as possible.---COUNTRY PRODUCE will be received in Payment.

Messieurs ROBERT PORTEOUS, & Co. Carry on the Business in the mean Time; and the Friends of SHAW & STUART, by continuing to favour them with their Dealings, will much oblige

Their Humble Servant,

HENRY STUART.

*** The Administrators of the Estate of FRANCIS STUART, deceased, are resolved, that all the Debts due to the said Estate, shall be sued for immediately, if not paid off.

RADCLIFFE & SHEPHEARD

HAVE IMPORTED,

In the LIBERTY, *Captain* LASLEY, *and the* FLORA, *Captain* CARTER, *from BRISTOL,*

EXCEEDING good Duffil Blankets; Irish sheeting and shirting Linen of different Prices; Womens and Girls Callimanco and Leather Shoes and Pumps; Mens and Boys Leather Ditto, Osnabrugs, low-priced Yorkshire Cloths, Mens, Womens, Boys, and Girls coarse and fine Worsted Hose, striped and plain Flannels, Worsted Damasks, Callimancoes, Durants, Tammies, and Camblet, striped and figured Ditto, for Negro Wenches Gowns, Scots Plaid, scarlet, blue, and Crow-coloured Allopeen, Womens and Girls scarlet and white Cloaks and Cardinals, green-Handled Table and Desert Knives and Forks, with and without Cases: Which, with a large Assortment before on Hand, they will sell on the usual Terms, at their Store opposite to the Lieutenant-Governor's, in Broad-Street.

DONALD BRUCE,

Has just imported, in the Heart-of-Oak, *Captain* Gunn, *from* LONDON, *and in the* Flora, *Capt.* Carter, *from* BRISTOL;

A fresh Cargo of well-assorted GOODS,

Suitable to the present and approaching SEASON;

WHICH, with Wine, Rum, Sugar, Salt, Bar Iron, English and German Steel, &c. &c. are to be sold on the same reasonable Terms, as he has hitherto done, at his Store in Church-Street.

N. B. A Box of well-chosen BLOND LACE, and Ladies newest Fashion black SILK BONNETS, to be sold considerably under the common Advance; likewise a Cask of Black Pepper.

FOUND, on the Road,

BETWEEN BENJAMIN WARING, and WILLIAM SANDERS, Esqrs. Plantations, on the Cypress, A SILVER SPOON. The Owner, on paying for this Advertisement, may have it, on applying in Dorchester, to

SAMUEL HAMLIN.

For SALE, by PRIVATE CONTRACT,

THE HOUSE and LAND whereon the Subscriber now lives, in Union-Street Continued: The Land is 43 and 3-4 Feet Front, and 110 deep; the House 21 by 36 Feet, with two Dry Cellars, a Piazza the width of the House, and 10 Feet deep, with a large Pantry, all in good Repair, and a Kitchen, Stable, Chair-House, &c. Those inclinable to treat for the same, may apply on the Premises, to JOHN MATTHEWS.

Who will either purchase, or take as APPRENTICES, one or two sprightly Negro Boys, to learn the Shoemakers Trade.

A Parcel of choice BOOT-LEGS Charles-Town Manufactured, inferior to none imported, which he makes at the usual Prices.

THE Subscriber intending to leave this Province early in the ensuing Spring, desires all to whom he is indebted, to send in a State thereof, that they may receive Payment: And he intreats all that are indebted to him, by Bond, Note, or otherwise, either in this Province or in Georgia, to pay the same by the *last* Day of *January* next, as he is determined to place such Bonds and Notes as are then unpaid, in the Hands of an Attorney, to be sued for.

The Subscriber will then dispose of, some HOUSHOLD-FURNITURE, SLAVES, a Tract of 1000 Acres of LAND, on Great Satilla-River; a Tract of 500 Acres at New-Port, and a Lot of Land in the Town of Hardwick, all in the Province of Georgia. Any Person inclinable to purchase the Whole, or any Part thereof, may in the mean Time, treat with the Subscriber, at his House in King-Street; where may be seen the Grants for, and Plats representing the Situation of the Lands above-mentioned. Credit will be given for 3 or 4 Years, on giving Security, if required. WHITE OUTERBRIDGE.

STOLEN or STRAYED, from Charles-Town Green, a white HORSE, about 13 Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder ML in one, and on his off Shoulder FN: Also, a bay MARE, with a white Face, near 13 Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder ∃E F, and on her off Shoulder FN. Whoever delivers one or both of the said Strays, to the Subscriber in Charles-Town, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS Reward for each, from *Nov. 12th*, 1769. FRANCIS NICHOLSON.

RUN away about six Weeks ago, from the Subscriber, a NEGRO MAN, named JACOB, Carolina born, stout, and well made, a good deal bow-legged; large Lips, and lately had his left Toe cut off; belonged lately to Mr. *Edward Barnard*, of Augusta. ---Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Work-House, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward; and whoever gives Information of his being harboured, so that he is taken, shall have the like Sum paid, by ANDREW LORD.

Who has a large Quantity of *Bridport Sail Cloth*, to dispose off cheap.

WANTED ON HIRE,

For one Year certain, or longer if agreeable to his Owner,

A sprightly young NEGRO FELLOW.

Enquire at the Printing-Office in Broad-Street.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE,

On Thursday *the 16th Instant* (November) *at the House of* ALEXANDER ALEXANDER, *on the Bay; the Sale to begin at 3 o'Clock in the Forenoon,*

ALL the HOUSHOLD FURNITURE belonging to the Partnership of D'ELLIENT & ALEXANDER, consisting of most Articles necessary in a Family.

A JOURNEYMAN SHOE-MAKER,

WHO perfectly understands his Business, and can be well recommended for Sobriety, Honesty, and Ability to take the Charge of a Shop, may meet with good Encouragement, from MOSES MITCHELL.

N. B. None but such as above-mentioned need apply.

TO BE LETT, and entered on immediately,

A Large and commodious STORE, in SIMMONS's-ALLEY, contiguous to the BAY. Enquire of Messrs. TORRANS, POAUG, & Co. or ALEXANDER ALEXANDER.

JUST IMPORTED,
By NICHOLAS LANGFORD,
BOOKSELLER,
From LONDON,
A SECOND
COLLECTION
OF CHOICE AND USEFUL
BOOKS,
In polite Literature, esteemed History, &c. &c.
All best Editions, and many very elegantly bound: The which, with a few other Articles, as NEW MUSIC, STATIONARY WARES, &c.
Mathematical and Optical Instruments,
By BENJAMIN MARTIN, &c.
Will be sold, for CASH, more reasonable than any of the Kind and Neatness imported,
At his Store on the *Bay*, late *Vanderhorst's*, and next Door to the *Post-Office*.
N. B. N. LANGFORD begs Leave to inform the Gentlemen of this Province, and his Friends in particular, That the earliest Notice will be given in all the Papers, when and where the same will be ready for Sale.---In the mean Time, his printed CATALOGUE may be had at Messrs. WILSON, CORAM, and Co. Mr. TIDYMAN's, Jeweller; at Mr. STEVENS's Coffee-House and Post-Office; and as above; where all Orders he may be favoured with, will be taken Care of.

IMPORTED,
In the Ship DOLPHIN, HENRY SIMBLETT, *Master, from* LONDON,
A Complete Assortment of GOODS,
which will be disposed of on MODERATE TERMS, by
WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE & Co.

For LONDON,
(To sail in a Month)
THE SHIP
DOLPHIN,
HENRY SIMBLETT, Master,
Having best Part of her Cargo engaged.
FOR Freight of the Remainder, apply to the said Master, on Board, or to
WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co.

ABOUT Two Hundred Dozen of YORK MADERA, and VIDONIA WINE, which hath been bottled a considerable Time, to be sold for CASH, or short Credit, by ROBERT SMYTH.

GENUINE LONDON and NEW-YORK MADERA WINE, by the Pipe; and a Quantity of LEWIS's superfine FLOUR, in Barrels (FRESH) to be sold by DANIEL BOURDEAUX.

To be SOLD CHEAP,
A VERY NEAT
PHAETON,
And perhaps as light a one as ever was imported into this Province, and not much the worse for Use.
Enquire of the Printer.

WANTED,
ABOUT One Thousand Bushels of INDIAN CORN. Apply to
JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

GIDEON DUPONT, jun.
HAVING removed to CHARLES-TOWN, will undertake to sell THE COUNTRY-PRODUCE, on the usual Commissions; and hopes to give Satisfaction to those who are pleased to employ him. 75—87
Charles-Town, Sept. 12th, 1769.

JUST ARRIVED,
In the Ship Liberty, John Lasley, *jun. from* BRISTOL,
WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS,
Bristol Duffils, Kerseys, Serges, super-fine blue, white, brown, and blue grey Broad Cloths, and a Piece of blue and white Ditto, bought cheap, and to be sold accordingly, by
75-8t THOMAS GADSDEN.

JOHN M'CALL, jun.
DESIRES all Persons who are any Wise indebted to him, to discharge the same; there being an absolute Necessity for closing his Concerns as speedily as possible.
He has for SALE,
The Remainder of his STOCK in TRADE,
consisting of many useful Articles, most of which were lately imported, and will be sold at Prime Cost, to any Person, taking the Whole. Any, inclinable to purchase, may know the Conditions, see an Inventory, and view the Goods, by applying to him in Tradd-Street, next Door to Messrs. Mansell, Corbett, and Roberts.

To be LET,
A Brick HOUSE, near the Governor's Bridge, in which Mr. GEORGE SEAMAN lately lived: Has eight Rooms, every convenient Office, and the Prospect of a large Graden at the front Door, Enquire of
ANDREW HIBBEN.
N. B. The FERRY will be kept where the Custom-House was, and Persons may be served as usual with slacked and unslacked LIME.

Charles-Town, Nov. 1, 1769.
WHEREAS a bright bay HORSE, branded on the near Buttock with this Mark <, having a short Mane and Tail, a mealy Mouth, and several white Spots on his Back, was stolen from my Field, on Sunday Evening last.---A Reward of Fifty Pounds is hereby offered to any Person, who can discover the Offender. CHARLES MARTYN.
N. B. A tired black Horse, without any visible Brand, was found in its Room the next Morning.

ROBERT DILLON,
INTENDING to decline his Business, and remove into the Country in a few Months, hereby gives NOTICE, to all those indebted to him, forthwith to pay their respective Debts, as he is determined to put every Accompt in Suit, which shall remain unpaid the first of January next.
Great Part of his Houshold-Furniture, Negroes, &c. will, (if an earlier Opportunity by private Contract, does not prevent) be exposed at public Sale, on the third Day of April next.
Any Persons inclinable to take the House from that Time, are desired to treat as above.
N. B. Exceeding good ARRACK, to be sold cheap, by the Dozen.

JUST IMPORTED, in the Ship LLOYD, NICHOLAS POCOCKE Master, from BRISTOL:
A Few Bales of the best white and blue PLAINS, and striped DUFFILS; which will be sold CHEAP for Cash, or short Credit, by INGLIS & LLOYD.

THOMAS WALTER,
Has just imported, in the PORTLAND, *Capt.* WILSON; *the* MERMAID, *Capt.* BALL, *and other late Vessels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL,
A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT
OF
GOODS, fit for the Season;
AMONGST WHICH ARE,
A Large Quantity of IRISH LINENS, Ten per Cent. at least, cheaper than usual; beautiful Patterns of Cotton and Callicoes, worked Lawn Aprons and Handkerchers, plain and flowered Gauze, remarkably cheap; handsome Bed Patterns, English and India Persians, French Trimmings, Cloaks, Capuchines, Russel Petticoats, Jaconett and Muslins, Axes, at £. 10 per Dozen, Rice-Sickles, 42*s.* 6*d.* per Dozen, Muscovado Sugar, £. 12 10*s.* per C. Weight, fine old Jamaica Rum, Wine, Salt, &c.

John Edwards, & Comp.
Acquaint their Friends and Customers, That they have just imported, in the Ship Polly, *Captain* George Minshall, *from* LIVERPOOLE:
A LARGE Quantity of WHITE PLAINS, of an extra Width and Quality; a Quantity of Womens Stuff Shoes; and Boys and Girls Leather Ditto; a few compleat Table Sets of Queen's Ware; a few Cheshire Cheeses; a Quantity of red Paving-Tiles, and some extra Grindstones, and fine Salt, with many useful Articles: Which, with their LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, lately imported by other Vessels, they will sell, upon the same reasonable Terms as heretofore.

ISAAC MOTTE, & Co.
HAVE IMPORTED,
In the Ship Mermaid, *Capt.* Ball, *from* LONDON, *and in the Ship* Liberty, *Capt.* Lasley, *from* BRISTOL,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS,
Fit for the APPROACHING SEASON;
Amongst which are,
WHITE, green, drab and blue Plains, of an extraordinary Quality; striped, white, blue, green and scarlet Flannels, Bed Blankets, Duffils, and neat Worsted Stuffs, proper for Negro Wenches Gowns, coarse and fine Mens and Womens Worsted and Yarn Hose; fashionable Broad Cloths, with Trimmings suitable; Nails of every Kind, Paints, Sheet Lead, Linseed, Train, and Lamp-Oil; Shoe-Thread, best three Strand Seine Twine; neat Tea-Kitchins, japanned Waiters, and Toilet Glasses; Womens coloured Silk Petticoats, elegant Knives and Forks, in Fish-skin Cases; two handsome Italian Riding Chairs, with Harness complete; a small Fire Engine; very fine Hyson, Green, and Bohea Tea, Raisins, Currants, Almonds and Pickles: All which (with most Articles as are generally imported into this Province) they will dispose of on very reasonable Terms, at their Store on the Bay.

To be SOLD CHEAP,
A very good HARPSICHORD.
Inquire of the Printer hereof.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR,
Has just imported, in the Ship LONDON, *Capt.* CURLING,
A FRESH Supply of CLOTHS, Trimmings, and all other Materials fit for his Business, of the very best Kinds; which, his Friends and Customers may be supplied with, as usual, on the lowest Terms.
N. B. Wanted by said WARD, a Journeyman TAYLOR, who perfectly understands his Business: None but such need apply.

To be Sold by private Contract,
THE HOUSE and LAND where Mrs. HYRNE now lives, situate on the South Side of QUEEN-STREET, and next Door to Mr. ROBERT PHILP's.---The Land measures in Front Thirty-two Foot, and in Depth two Hundred and Forty-one, or thereabouts.---It has all necessary and convenient Back-buildings, with a Well of good Water: Is suitable for a large Family, the Dwelling-House having seven Rooms, and a good Cellar underneath.---The Whole of the Buildings not quite three Years old, and are well finished. The Terms of Sale will be made known by applying to
BENJAMIN HUGER, Esq; or
JOSIAH SMITH, Jun.

To be LET,
And entered on the first of DECEMBER *next,*
A Convenient TENEMENT, at GREENWICH: It has Ten good Rooms, and is very suitable for a Ferry to Charles-Town, a Public House, or a private Family, having many profitable and pleasant Advantages. Enquire of Mr. JOHN SCOTT, in Town; or on the Spot, of
JONATHAN SCOTT.

RAN AWAY, on Sunday the 15th Instant, from the Subscriber, at Free JUDY's Place, up the Path, a new Negro Girl, named MOLLY, about 12 Years of Age, marked thus (((on each Chek, and on her Belly in two Places bears the Marks, of being gored by a Cow; had on when she went away, an Osnabrug Shift, and Frock without Sleeves. Whoever takes up, and delivers her to Mr. LANTOWER, in Charles-Town, or to the Subscriber at the above Place, shall have a DOLLAR Reward, from MARY MYER.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAS OPENED HIS
DANCING-SCHOOL
FOR THE SEASON. ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

CHOICE JAMAICA RUM, in Hogsheads and Porter Casks; best single refined and Muscovado SUGAR, and SALT; good Madera and Vidonia WINE, in Bottles, to be sold, by
77-83. WILLIAM GIBBES.

ALL Persons indebted to JAMES SANDS, late of Charles-Town, Merchant, deceased, either by Bond, Note, or open Accompt, are desired to pay the same to the Subscriber, by the First of January 1770, as after that Day Books of Accompts, Bonds, &c. will be placed in the Hands of an Attorney at Law, to be sued for without Distinction. It is therefore hoped, those concerned will give Attention to this Advertisement, as the closing of those Concerns will not admit of any Delay.
Those to whom the Deceased is any Ways indebted, are desired to send in their Accompts, attested, for Payment.
HANNAH SANDS, *Administratrix.*

To be SOLD *at* VENDUE,
At Mr. NIGHTINGALE's, *near* Charles-Town, *on* Thursday *the 16th of* November *next, (if a fair Day) if not, the first fair Day after,*
BETWEEN Forty and Fifty prime SLAVES, the greater Part of which were born in this Province, belonging to the Estate of ADAM DANIEL, and sold in Order to purchase a Plantation for his Daughter. One-half of the Purchase Money must be paid in three Months; for the other Half, Credit will be given till January 1771, paying Interest from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security, to
WILLIAM LOGAN,
JOHN PARKER, } *Executors.*
N. B. Any Person that may desire to purchase the said Negroes, before the Time above-mentioned, at private Sale, may treat with the Executors, who have full Power, by the Testator's Will, to dispose of any Part of the Estate, in such a Way and Manner as they may think proper.

To be SOLD,
A Valuable Negro Man, his Wife, and Child (the Owner having disposed of his Plantation, has no further Occasion for them) the Man is an exceeding good Mower, Hay-Maker, and Ploughman, and can do every Thing necessary in a Plantation, as well as look after a Dairy of Cows, make Butter, &c. &c.---The Woman is a good plain Cook, Washer, and Ironer:---Also a Negro Girl, Province born, about fourteen Years old, is very handy in a House, as well as in a Plantation: ---And a Man, about forty Years old, has been used to a Plantation, and can work tolerably well in the Field. The Whole may be depended upon, as they are not sold for any Crime, but bear the best of Characters. Enquire of
THOMAS PIKE,
opposite *John Izard*, Esqr's. in *Church-Street.*

To be Sold or Leased,
In small Tracts, and on reasonable Terms,
TWO Baronies of LAND, one on the Head of Black-River, the other on the North Side of Pedee-River, adjoining to Catfish-Creek, both in Craven-County, the Property of NICHOLAS LINWOOD and WILLIAM BAKER, Esquires, of *London.* The aforesaid Baronies, contain large Tracts of exceeding fine Oak and Hickory Swamp, and Marsh Lands, extremely proper for the culture of Rice, Corn, Indico, Wheat, Hemp, and every other Article to which the Climate is adapted. The Plats may be seen in the Hands of Mr. JAMES THOMSON, Deputy-Surveyor. AND WHEREAS little Regard has been paid by the Trespassers on the Black-River Barony, to our former Advertisement, requesting either Removal from the said Land, or the immediate Purchase of the same: We now, for the last Time, inform all Persons concerned, both on the Black-River, and Pedee Baronies, that unless they remove from, or obtain Title to, their several Possessions, either by Purchase or Lease, from us, on or before the first Day of December next, Action at Law will be then commenced against them: *And, lest it should be imagined, that Circumstances favourable to them, have hitherto prevented us from pursuing compulsive Measures, according to our former Notice, we think it proper to inform them, that the Death of Mr.* FISHER, *one of the Proprietors, and the Necessity of a Renewal of Letters of Attorney, were the only Obstacles to the enforcement of our former Resolutions,* which Letters of Attorney are now transmitted to us. ALSO,
A PART of the BARONY in Granville County, known by the Name of JASPER's BARONY, adjoining Lands of Col. Heyward, and other Settlements on the Euhaws. The Plat is to be seen in the Hands of Mr. WILLIAM MAINE. Credit will be given for the above Lands, the Purchaser paying Interest, from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security.
PAUL TRAPIER,
t. f. DAVID DEAS, } *Attornies for* Nicholas Linwood, *and* William Baker, *Esqrs.*
JOHN DEAS.
September 11th, 1769.

Charles-Town, October 23, 1769.
THE Subscriber takes this Method of intreating those who are indebted to him by Bond, Note, &c. to pay the same, on or before the first Day of *January* next, at farthest. He hopes none will take it amiss, that disregard this Notice, if after that Day, they find their Bonds, &c. in the Hands of an Attorney to be sued for.
He desires those indebted to the Estate of SAMUEL PEYRE, for Interest Money, to pay the same immediately, as the Executors are determined to give no longer Indulgence.
PETER PORCHER.

Charles-Town, October 24, 1769.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber, on the 10th Instant, a likely thin Negro Fellow, named WILL, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and has an Impediment in his Speech: Had on when he went away a white Negro Cloth Jacket, an old black Cloth Waistcoat, Osnabrug Trowsers, and a Dutch Cap.---He is supposed to be gone either to Mr. Bacot's Plantation on Goose-Creek, where he formerly lived, or to Mr. Futhy's, on Black-River. Whoever apprehends the said Negro, and delivers him to the Warden of the Work-House, in Charles-Town, or to the Subscriber, shall receive Ten Pounds Reward; and all reasonable Charges will be paid by me, GEORGE ROBERTSON.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.